J. Knight Barnett was born in the Sydney suburb of Roseville in about 1904. J. Knight Barnett was born in the Sydney Substitute of England Grammar School and by the age of twelve the church organ. From then on he played in many churches, includive He was educated at Sydney Church of England orange. The was playing the church organ. From then on he played in many churches, including the was playing the church organ. According to Knight, in an interview of the church organ. he was playing the church organ. From them on the Knight, in an interview the Church of England at Wagga Wagga. According to Knight, in an interview of the Some the Church of England at Wagga wagga. According years ago, he also conducted orchestras in suburban cinemas in the silent days. years ago, he also conducted orcnestras in such the turned to accountancy for some time and also became musical director for the turned to account and the Manly Amateur Theatrical Society.

During 1924 he became secretary, accountant, orchestral conductor and announcer During 1924 he became secretary, accountant, or announcer for radio station 2BL (which was opearting from a studio in Phillip Street, Sydney). for radio station 2BL (which was opearing from the states as 'Uncle Peter', Sydney). It was with 2BL that he became known on the air waves as 'Uncle Peter'. A 1931 programme from the Prince Edward theatre states:

"... Uncle Peter...who fulfilled the combined functions of Examiner in English, Arbiter of Artistic Taste, Broadcasting Critic and Oracle of Wisdom, English, Arbiter of Artistic laste, block to take various parts in broadcast. His marvellous versatility enabled him to take various parts in broadcast. His marvellous versatility enabled him to ing work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has strummed for the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has accompaning work and he has accompaning to the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has accompaning to the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning work and he has accompaning to the Broadcasters' trio, acted as accompaning trio, acted acte ing work and he has strummed for the strummed for the single short in several short

It was also on 2BL that he conducted one of the first studio broadcasts of George Gershwin's Rhapsody in Blue with the 2BL Light Orchestra of specially select-

With the arrival on the Sydney cinema scene of the Prince Edward and its Wurlitzer in 1924, Knight Barnett set about learning as much as he could about the theatre organ. He was fortunate in that two noted American organists assisted him - Fred Scholl and Joseph Wayne. In May 1929, Knight became assistant organist at Sydney's Capitol Theatre. While the Roseville Musical Society lost its Musical Director, the Capitol Theatre gained a promising young organist. (It is interesting to note that Idwal Jenkins took over from Knight with the Roseville Society.)

In the Capitol News of June, 1929, Fred Scholl wrote of Knight;

"Mr. Barnett has had an extremely varied career as a musician, which has given him that wonderful resourcefulness so necessary for the theatre organist. His keen sense of tone, colouring, rhythm and good taste, has won him a featured position on the programme of the intermediate sessions. His rise has been phenomenal."

Shortly after, Knight went to the State Theatre, Sydney as assistant organist to Price Dunlevy. He did not remain there for long. Within six months Knight became the featured organist at the Capitol when Fred Scholl left for New Zealand and its new Auckland Civic Theatre (which opened in December, 1929). Knight's popularity was increasing enormously.

Violinist, and member of the NSW State Conservatorium Orchestra, Dulcie Blair, was married to Knight in December, 1929. The wedding party comprised members of the Capitol Theatre's administration and orchestra. State Theatre organist, Price Dunlevy, was Knight's best man. unfortunately, the festivities stopped short when many of the party had to return to their respective theatres for the evening shows. Knight worked at the State a little later.

Kogarah's Victory Theatre was Knight's next engagement, taking over from Eddie Horton who left to open the Parramatta Roxy theatre. Knight gave his opening performance at the Victory on 15th February, 1930. He stayed until May of the same year, then went to the Concord Ritz Theatre when that theatre opened its Christie installation. (He was to return to the Victory in late 1936 for a 'special engagement').

time at the Victory saw him in the position as Organist and General Enterand this is where his broadcasting experience stood him in good stead.

when Miss Julia Dawn left the Prince Edward, Knight took over the console there. When of VIENNESE NIGHTS opened on Wednesday, 20th May,1931. This was a distrate season of he was the first Australian-born organist to play at the theatre. inction appeared 'at all sessions', playing 'Humoreske' and 'You're driving me Crazy. Knight appeared.

The 1931 Prince Edward programme reported that:

"He has that happy knack of gauging the public's tastes and believes in catering to every class of patron — as far as possible, of course. This gift, combined with his very considerable musical talent and versatility, go to make up the accomplished and popular organist that he is."

In June 1933 offers from J.C.Williamson's Auckland Regent Theatre and Sir Ben-jamin Fuller's Dunedin Empire Theatre proved too attractive for Knight who sailed for the 'land of the long white cloud'. Knight returned in December of that year to join Alf Bezant's Western Suburbs Cinemas circuit. He opened at the Palatial Theatre, Burwood on 13th February,1934 and stayed with the circuit until 1941, with the exception of a brief guest appearance at the Kogarah Victory in 1936.

During his time with W.S.C. he appeared at the Parramatta Roxy, the Auburn Civic, the Hurtsville Savoy and the Strathfield Cinema.

According to Ronald Roberts of the Australian Music Maker and Dance Band News  $_{1}$  November 1938 (p .54):

"Knight Barnett and I amused ourselves with a few figures the other day. Mathematical figures, I mean. We worked out that in his six months season at Parramatta he will have travelled 13,200 miles to play just under 100 hours. He spends four hours per day in the train. Who wants to be an organist?"

From the same magazine by the same author, dated 1 March 1939 (p.55) reporting on the best show of the month:

"The best of the month goes to J.Knight Barnett, who sent his girlfriend, 'Annie Laurie', round the world just once more. Of all novelties, this one is probably the best, and Barnett's capable showmanship is a sheer delight. His showmanship is one that commands respect, because it is backed up by a sound musical knowledge and ability. It is not used as a shield to hide defects - a common enough device - but a medium for the exploitation of his talents."

While Knight was on the W.S.C. circuit, he was also broadcasting regularly from various theatres in the mid-1930's on radio 2CH. One such show, Masters of the Organ, which included other W.S.C. organists, Paul Cullen, James Williams, Denis Palmistra and Norman Robins, commenced on Monday, 31st October, 1938. Unfortunately, the broadcasts wern't recorded and broadcasting of the show ceased in mid-1939.

Withe coming of war, Knight enlisted in the A.I.F. in 1941 returning to the W.S.C. circuit in 1946 after demobilisation, going to the Civic Theatre at Auburn. (by this time, W.S.C. had become part of Hoyts Theatres Ltd.) It was while he was here that he made his first commercial recordings, consisting of medleys by Australian composers.

He returned to the Savoy, Hurstville in March,1947 and remained there until April, 1949 when the organ interludes were confined to Saturday nights. On 2nd August, 1949, Knight was appointed resident organist at the Hoyts Regent Theatre, Adelaide. he held this position until 1967 when the theatre was closed, extensively Adelaide and the organ removed. Following this, Knight retired, but taught the remodelled and the organ removed. Following this, South Australia.

His arrival in Adelaide also began a remarkable association with Alec Regant Melodyland programme which made an uninterrupted 1332 weekly broadcasts over ABC. As well1, Knight broadcasted each week on the ABC's Theatre Organ Club and Sentimental Journey for a number of years.

'So deep is the Night', based on a melody by Chopin, was Knight's signature tune for many years until he moved to Adelaide, where he changed it to 'September in the Rain'. Knight had two records issued from tapes made while he was playing in Adelaide.

He passed away in February, 1984, in his eightieth year. His wife, Dulcie,  $\rm f_{Ol}$  lowed him on 22nd June, 1989.

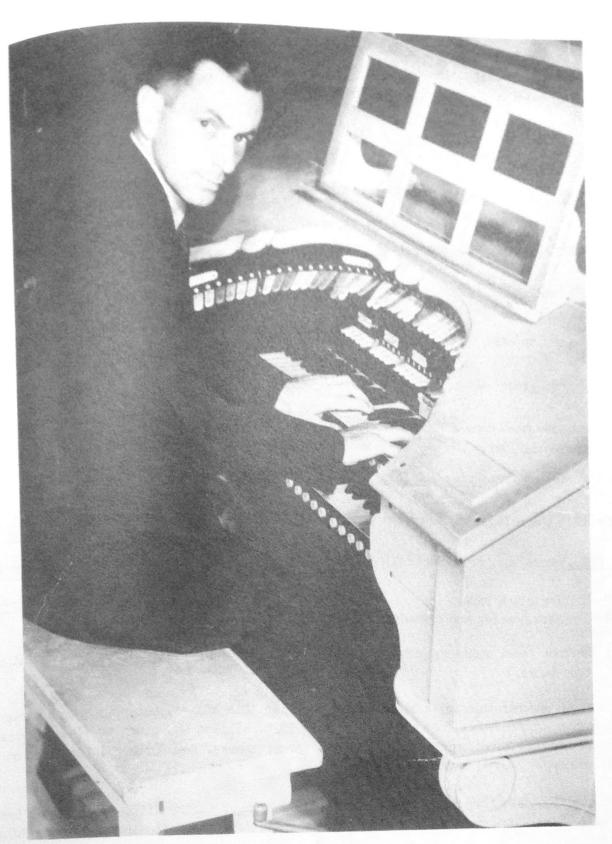
The saddest part of this story is that, while so many people heard Knight action," nothing remains of his work in the 1920/1940 period - the time when he was, most probably, at his peak, and playing on a wide variety of instruments.

## REFERENCES:

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Notes of Interview with Knight Barnett by F.Ellis
Prince Edward Theatre Programmes - 20.5.1931 & 7.10.1931
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Wireless Weekly - various issues (1930's)

KNIGHT BAR	NETT. Theatre organ solos	Sydney, November 21,1946
CT 2359	Selection of May Brahe songs - Part 1	Regal Zonophone G 25079
	(Listen Mary/Bless this house/Spring is on the way)	
CT 2360	Selection of May Brahe songs - Part 2 (Close thine eyes/Evening shadows/Keep thou my heart)	- 1945 - 1945
CT 2361	Selection of Alfred Hill songs (Pro Patria Australia/A Maori lullaby/Waiata poi)	Regal Zonophone G 25080
CT 2362	Selection of Emmett Adams songs (Life's great sunset/God send you back to me/The Bells of St.Marys	-
CT 2363	Selection of Henry Krips songs (Shall I be weary/One song is in my heart)	Regal Zonophone G 25081
CT 2364	Selection of Fred Whaite songs (Where the mountains go down to the sea/I'm dreaming again of Castles in Spain)	<del>-</del>

Adelaide, late 1960's Hello Dolly I believe All the things you are Real live girl Impossible dream Climb every mountain Consider yourself/As long as he needs me June is busting out all over/If I loved you Smoke gets in your eyes The lady is a tramp Exodus were the organizations are Love is here to stay less bedalous env della solution 3-1 from corrison and a sec-e-



KNIGHT BARNETT AT THE CONSOLE

Information on the second Long Play record is requested from any reader who may have the record.

## THE PHONO RECORD April 1927

The record which Albert Whelan, the popular Australian comedian contributes to the Vocalion list this month is of unusual interest, one of the items being a very amusing song of his own, entitled, "So will I," and entirely new departure from Mr. Whelan's usual style. (Vocalion X 9970 - Ed.)

Evidently he thinks it might be a worth while idea to show that a British artist can quite easily sing delicate comedy songs without shouting the words. Here, then, is Mr. Whelan out-whispering the whisperers! The result is delightfully amusing.

Mr. Albert Whelan appeared before their Majesties the King and Queen at the recent Royal command performance, and these first records by the Marconi Company's electrical process, are, as usual, intensely realist: ly realistic.